Establishing a
Contemporary
East African Arts
Sector:
Perspectives
from Kenya

The seminar presents a broad overview of ongoing development of contemporary arts & culture within the East African landscape, as experienced through a Kenyan lens and the shaping of Kenya's own diverse arts' trajectories. How the development of artists, spaces, programs and audiences is, and has been unfolding will be presented and discussed, against an historical and socio-political context.

Part 1 - Contextualizing Growth of the Arts in Kenya

Part 2 - Anchoring Policy

Part 3 - Sustaining the Arts

Contextualizing Growth of the Arts in Kenya



The Promise of Independence

'the vital and essential force of the nation, the safeguard of our existence and the ultimate resource of our combat'1...

to....?

The 60s -Birth of a Nation

Inherited colonial structures and procedures- challenges to begin to adapt these for a new African nation

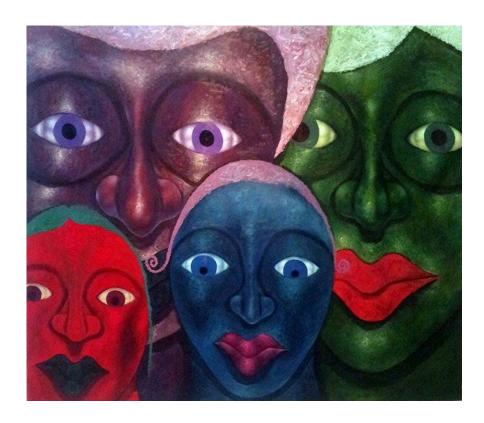
- Africanization or not?
- Prime Minister or President?
- Federalism or not?

1935 1945 1955 1965 MOTERARGIT Margaret Trowell Kibo Art Gallery, 1964 (Njau) Makerere Art School begins First Makerere trained artists: ChemChemi 1963 (Mphalele) informally in 1937 R. Karuga, E. Njau, L Mwaniki Paa ya Paa (1965) 1975 1985 Watatu Artists include Sane Wadu. Jak Katarikawe, Joel Oswaggo, Kivutha Mbuno, Ruth Shaffner E. Ong'esa. H. Owiti, S. Wanjau Jony Waite Gallery Watatu 1995 2005 Brush Tu Collective **Dust Depot** The Nest Collective The Bus/Alchemist Creative Garage The GoDown 2003 One-Off Gallery, Little Gallery BIFA, Creative Arts College Kenyatta University, Moi University Circle Agency, Polka Dot

The 70s - Rise of Intelligenstia

- A Decade of tumult-
 - University students and teachers exercise their voice
 - A nervous centre of power asserts itself by clamping down on dissenting views & criticism
 - Detention without trial- Seroney, Shikuku, Oneko, Anyona, Wamwere, WaThiongo
 - Murder of JM Kariuki
 - Succession- death of Kenyatta
- Regionally-
 - EA Community collapses
 - Obote ousted, Terror of Idi Amin
- Social Changes-
 - Rural -urban migration, cities grow
 - Urban families- growing in a 'cosmopolitan' environment & emergence of sheng; new histories and identities forming





The 80s - Creative Wastelands?

- Moi tightens grip on power by buying loyalty and dealing a heavy hand on opposition and criticism
 - Charges of sedition rife
 - Coup attempt and consequent declaration of one-party state
 - Student activism 'contained' by decentralisation of Nairobi University- 6 separate colleges created.
 - Kitu kidogo thrives
- Internationally-
 - Nation's international & pan-African engagement widens- Kenya hosts OAU summit, Pope John Paul visits, UN Decade for Women Mtg
- Socio-cultural repercussions
 - Kenyans on 'tiptoe'
 - Permissions for staging of plays
 - 8-4-4 eliminates teaching of the arts in schools

The 90s- Voices of Youth

- Nation a cauldron coming to the boil
 - Int'l pressure, cancellation of aid, criticism of lack of democratic practices resulting in reinstatement of multi-party politics
 - Incitement of ethnic animosities- tension high
- Social/cultural-
 - Youth represent the largest sector of the population- 70% of the nation under the age of 30
 - Spate of youth violence & rebellion- St Kizito rapes and deaths; Bombolulu arson(?); continual school strikes and closures
 - Tough 'gangsta-derived' lifestyle emerges among urban youth- hip-hop craze
 - Escalating poverty and joblessness

The 00s: New Directions

Politically-

- Democratic space has widened but still fragile
- Citizenry steadily becoming more vocal and even pro-active

Socio-cultural-

- A 'contemporary Kenyan' is emerging
- Predominantly urban bred/influenced
- Assimilated modern & western culture
- Yet desires to assert an African identity that incorporates aspects of western non-African culture

Ramifications

• The field of performing arts responds to the new Kenyan: 'new' artforms-contemporary dance, fusion styles of music, underground youth sheng expression in poetry and conversation

Models of formation and operation

- Training of individual talent
- Strengthening frameworks and structures that grow the discipline and the community structures which 'complete the picture' venues, institutions, events (e.g. Festivals)
- Emerging structures and frameworks:
 - The Godown
 - Music Awards (Kisima, Kora)
 - FM Radio
 - Dance Encounters- african contemporary dance platform
 - Regional Festivals: Busara Music Festival (ZNZ); ZIFF
 - Kwani Narrative Nights
- The future needs vision and steadfast action to realize the vision
 - Enabling career development in the performing arts
 - National level policies to secure and ensure the growth of the field
 - Nurture local support- audiences and resources.

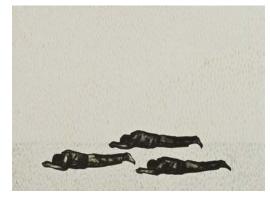
AfroFutures



















The truth is, we have only started to see what we will look like.

Binyanvanga Wainaina, Kenyan writer



Many issues, little mitigation

- Foundational training for creative industries (the education curriculum)
- Business skills for creative entrepreneurs
- Copyright awareness, protection and enforcement
- Leveraging digital technology for the creative industries
- Recognition of and investment in the creative industries
- Documentation and mapping of the creative industries
- Value chain strengthening
- Infrastructure development for the creative industries
- Promotion of local content development
- Lack of policies

Creating spaces for articulating and advancing policy advocacy

east-african



Agenda EA Arts Summit 6-9 November 2006

- The Summit was launched on Sunday 5th November with Cocktails and the Opening of East Africa Prints Exhibition at the GoDown Arts Centre. The exhibition ran throughout the Summit. Subsequent events were held at the Silver Springs Hotel, apart from the public Forum with Nobel laureate for Literature, Professor Wole Soyinka, which was held at the Stanley on the 8th of November.
- The event brought together policy makers in both the private and public sector, academics, media owners and staff, theatre, performance and arts practitioners. A dynamic meeting of theory and practice, it marked the Summit's determination to influence arts and cultural space through the broadening of dialogue and institution of meaningful and much needed change.



Creating spaces for articulating and advancing policy advocacy

pan-african





Arterial Network Launched in 2007

Aim: To build and/or further develop effective, sustainable national regional and continental networks within and across regions to play advocacy and lobbying roles in support of African creative sector

- Establishing a Continental secretariat
 - Continental and regional convenings
 - Building partnerships with African Union, IFACCA, UNESCO, etc.
 - Establishment of an Africa Fund for Arts & Culture
 - Developing toolkits for policy advocacy
- Launching National Chapters
 - Websites, policy advocacy and implementation frameworks, arts activities, network-building
- Establishing regional secretariats
 - Conducting regional workshops and leadership training

Some Key Documents

International

- 2005 UNESCO Convention on the Protection and Promotion of the Diversity of Cultural Expressions
- 2008 UNESCO Creative Economy Reports 2008, 2010, 2013, etc
- 2010 Structure & Value Chains in Kenya's Creative Economy (The GoDown)

Continental

• Pan-African Arterial Network conference reports on the Creative Economy

National

- 2007 Nyariki D, report Economic Impact of Kenya Copyright-based Industries (WIPO)
- 2012 Roadmap to position Kenya Creative Industries as Catalyst for a Kenyan Knowledge Society (Min of ICT)
- 2012 Unearthing the Gems of Culture Mapping Kenya's Creative Industries (ACRI)
- 2015 National Creative Economy Report (CEWG)
- 2015 Scoping Report for East Africa Creative Economy (British Council)
- HIVOS report (2013) on the East African Creative Industries

County Government

Nairobi County Cultural

Kenya: A Chronology of Activities/Experiences to Inform a Policy Framework

2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
• UNESCO 2005 convention	 EA Arts Summit 2006 Mngt, Admin & Prod of Contemp'ry Dance EA 	 Nyariki Report on CE economic contribution Music Policy Draft 	 EA Arts Mngt Research (GoDown) UNESCO 2008 Creative Econ Rpt 	 Value Chain Research (GoDown) Creative Econ Conference (GoDown) African Creative Econ Conf- Arterial Netwk Kippra Research (Dpt of Culture) Cultural Policy launched (Min Culture)

2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
 Kenya Constitution: Culture as foundation of the nation Arterial Pan African Creative Eco conf, Nairobi UNESCO 2010 Creative Econ Rpt Aga Khna U Curriculum for Arts & Business 	 Alternative ways of Organizing in Kenya Contemp'ry Dance British Cncl Business Skills Intensive GoDown, Natverkstan (SE), Goldsmith's college, Creative Industries Task Force (Min ICT) Draft Film Policy (KFC) 	 IBM Creative Indfustries Kenya Rpt, ACRI Rpt on Cultural Industries, GoDown Creative Entrpnshp 10-wk course, cohort 1 GoDown& Technical U discussions on joint CE Course 	 GoDown Creative Entrpnshp 10-wk course, cohort 2 & 3 Draft Languages Policy (Twaweza) Creative Econ Working Grp (CEWG) formed CEWG attends Ona African Creaive Econ Conf, SA Arterial Netwk Local content percentage 	 Aligned Kenya Cultural Policy Draft Cultre Bill CEWG Naivasha Rpt (CE framework and planning for Ntl Ce Conf) HIVOS commissioned research on CE TUK Centre for Creative & Cultural Industries

2015	2016	2019	2020	
 British Cncl launch of Creative Econ scoping reports Ntl Creative Econ Conf (CEWG) GoDown Creaive Ent Course Cohort 4 & 5 Launch of HEVA funf for Creaitve entrepreneurs KEPSA board for creative industries EA Creative Industries Bill Music Policy launched 	 EA Arts Summit 2006 Mngt, Admin & Prod of Contemp'ry Dance EA Pre-study on Creayive Econ (Swed. Embassy) 	Copyright Amendment Act 2019	Draft National Film Policy	

Emerging Collective Advocacy for Creative Sector in Kenya

• The Creative Economy Working Group is a network of practitioners in culture and the creative industries.

• Aims:

- Partnership building with relevant government ministries & departments
- Policy advocacy and safeguarding freedom of expression
- Capacity building and knowledge sharing within the creative economy
- Data collection cultural statistics





3

Sustaining the arts





Sustainability as a factor of mission & vision

Cultural Anchor

A centre significant & relevant to the community as cultural real estate, promoting creative industries, and existing symbiotically with other neighborhood/city activities

Anchor institutions are entities having a large stake in a city, usually through a combination of internal missions and landownership... They encompass universities, hospitals, cultural institutions (including museums,

libraries, performing arts facilities), churches, military installations and occasionally large corporations... As entities consuming sizable amounts of land,

they have an important presence in cities and their neighborhoods.

Sustainability as a relationship between the arts centre & community



NAI NI WHO

a celebration of Nairobi Neighbourhoods











THE HOODS

THE CITY HAS SEEN 3ROKEN DOWN INTO 12 NEIGHBOURHOOD ZONES THAT HAVE SEEN INVITED TO TAKE PART





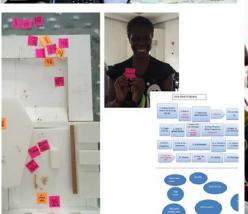


inclusive stakeholder workshops















The GoDown's Practice:
Dynamic & Intersectional

- Arts & Creativity
- Community
- Identity & Self-determination
- Knowledge generation













Sustainable Practice Particularities of The South

Commonalities of Practice: Morocco, Nairobi, Dar-es-salaam, Addis, Accra, Joburg, CapeTown

- Horizontality –the quality of finding alternative and other solutions
- Second chance, Re-use in creative practice and use of space
- Performativity intentional practice affecting action, change
- Elasticity responsiveness at many levels
- Convergence tying yesterday, today and tomorrow